the Supply of their Garrisons at St. Helena, Bombay, and Bencoolen, or for the Use of the Ships belonging to the said Company, in such Quantities as shall be judged necessary by the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, upon Application to be made from Time to Time, and under Licences to be granted by their Lordships for that Purpose; nor to prevent the Exportation of any of the said Articles to the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, for the Supply of the Inhabitants of the said Islands, in such Quantities as may be deemed necessary by the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, and under Licences from their Lordships as aforesaid: And the Right Honorable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary Directions herein accordingly.

By the KING. A PROCLAMATION,

Declaring His Majesty's Pleusure concerning the Royal Style and Titles appertaining to the Imperial Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and its Dependencies, and also the Ensigns, Armorial Flags, and Banners thereof.

GEORGE R. HEREAS by the First Article of the Articles of Union of Great Britain and Ireland, ratified and confirmed by Two Acts of Parliament, the one passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, and the other in the Parliament of Ireland, and respectively intituled, "An Act for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland," it was declared, That the faid Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland should, upon this Day, being the First Day of January in the Year of our Lord One thou-fand eight hundred and one, for ever after be united into one Kingdom, by the Name of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and that the Royal Style and Titles appertaining to the Imperial Crown of the faid United Kingdom and its Dependencies, and also the Ensigns, Armorial Flags, and Banners thereof, should be such as We, by Our Royal Proclamation under the Great Seal of the faid United Kingdom, should appoint; We have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to appoint and declare that Our Royal Style and Titles shall henceforth be accepted, taken, and used as the same are set forth in Manner and Form following; that is to fay, the fame shall be expressed in the Latin Tongue by thefe Words:

"GEORGIUS TERTIUS Dei Gratia Bri-"tanniarum Rex, Fidei Defensor:"

And in the English Tongue, by these Words:
"GEORGE the THIRD by the Grace of
"God of the United Kingdom of Great Bri-

"God of the United Kingdom of Great Bri-"tain and Ireland King, Defender of the "Faith."

And that the Arms or Enligns Armorial of the faid United Kingdom shall be Quarterly; First and Fourth, England; Second, Scotland; Third, Ireland; and it is Our Will and Pleasure that there shall be borne therewith on an Escocheon of Pretence the Arms of Our Dominions in Germany, ensigned with the Electoral Bonnet; and

it is Our Will and Pleasure that the Standard of the faid United Kingdom shall be the same Quarterings as are hereinbefore declared to be the Arms or Enfigns Armorial of the faid United Kingdom, with the Escocheon of Pretence thereon hereinbefore described: And that the Union Flag shall be Azure, the Crosses Saltires of St. Andrew and St. Patrick Quarterly per Saltire, counterchanged Argent and Gules; the latter limbriated of the Second, surmounted by the Cross of St. George of the Third, fimbriated as the Saltire: And Our Will and Pleafure further is, that the Style and Titles aforesaid, and also the Arms or Eusigns Armorial aforesaid, shall be used henceforth, as far as conveniently may be, on all Occasions wherein Our Royal Style and Titles, and Arms or Enfigns Armorial ought to be But nevertheless it is Our Will and Pleasure, that all fuch Gold, Silver, and Copper Monies as, on the Day before this First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and one, were current and lawful Monies of Great Britain, and all such Gold, Silver, and Copper Monies as shall, on or after this Day, be coined by our Authority with the like Impressions, until Our Will and Pleasure shall be otherwise declared, shall be deemed and taken to be current and lawful Monies of the faid United Kingdom in Great Britain; and that all such Gold, Silver, and Copper Monies as, on the Day before this First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and one, were current and lawful Monies of Ireland, and all fuch Gold, and Silver, and Copper Monies as shall, on or after this Day, be coined by Our Authority, with the like Impressions, until Our Will and Pleasure shall be otherwise declared, shall be deemed and taken to be current and lawful Monies of the faid United Kingdom in Ireland; and all fuch Monies as shall have been coined for and issued in any of the Dominions of the said United Kingdom, and declared by Our Proclamation to be current and lawful Money of fuch Dominions, refpectively bearing Our Style, or Titles, or Arms, or Enfigns Armorial, or any Part or Parts thereof, and all Monies which shall hereafter be coined and issued according to fuch Proclamations, shall continue to be lawful and current Money of fuch Dominions respectively, notwithstanding such Change in Our Style, Titles, and Arms, or Armorial Bearings respectively as aforesaid, until Our Pleasure shall be further declared thereupon. And all and every fuch Monies as aforesaid shall be received and taken in Payment in Great Britain and Ireland respectively, and in the Dominions thereunto belonging, after the Date of this Our Proclamation, in fuch Manner and as of the like Value and Denomination as the same were received and taken before the Date hereof. And it is also Our Will and Pleasure that the several Dies and Marks which have been used to denote the Stamp Duties, and all other Stamps and Marks and Instruments which before the issuing of this Our Proclamation shall have been in actual Use for any public Purpose, and in which Our Royal Style and Titles, or Our Arms or Ensigns Armorial, or any Parts or Part thereof respectively, may be expressed, shall not, by reason of this Our Proclamation or any Thing therein contained, be changed or altered until the same may be conveniently so changed or altered, or until Our Pleasure shall be further declared thereupon; but that all fuch Dies, Stamps, Marks, and

Instruments respectively bearing Our Royal Style and Titles, or Arms or Ensigns Armorial used before this First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and one, or any Parts or Part of such Style, Titles, or of such Arms or Ensigns Armorial, shall have the like Force and Effect as the same had before the said First Day of January instant.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and one, in the Forty-first Year of Our Reign.

GOD fave the KING.

By the K-ING.

A PROCLAMATION,

Declaring His Majesty's Pleasure for holding the First Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and appointing the Time and Place of Meeting thereof.

GEORGE R.

HEREAS, in pursuance of the Fourth Article of the Articles of Union between Great Britain and Ireland, as the same have been ratified and confirmed by Two Acts of Parliament, the one passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, and the other in the Parliament of Ireland, and both intituled, "An Act for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland," We have thought fit to declare, by Our Royal Proclamation, issued under Our Great Seal of Great Britain, on the Fifth Day of November last, that it was expedient that the Lords and Commons of the then Parliament of Great Britain should be Members of the respective Houses of the First Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland on the Part of Great Britain: And we did, by the same Proclamation, notify Our Intention to appoint Thursday the Twenty-second Day of January instant for the assembling of such First Parliament of the said United Kingdom, by Proclamation, under the Great Seal of Our faid United Kingdom: And whereas, by force and in pursuance of an Act, passed in the Parliament of Ireland, and recited in and made Part of the faid Two Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, and intituled, "An Act to regulate the Mode 56 by which the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and 46 the Commons, to serve in the Parliament of the " United Kingdom on the Part of Ireland, shall be " fummoned and returned to the faid Parliament:" And, in consequence of Our having by Our said Proclamation, under Our Great Seal of Great Britain, of the Fifth Day of November last, declared that it was expedient that the Lords and Commons of the then Parliament of Great Britain should be the Members of the respective Houses of the First Parliament of the United Kingdom on the Part of Great Britain, Four Lords Spiritual, and Twenty-eight Lords Temporal, and One Hundred Commoners, have been appointed, chosen, and declared (according to the Circumstances of the several Cases) to be the Members of the respective Houses of the faid First Parliament of the faid United Kingdom, or the Part of Ireland: We do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, declare and publish I

Our Will and Pleasure to be, and do hereby appoints that Our First Parliament of the said United Kingdom shall meet and be holden at Our City of Weltminster on the said Twenty second Day of January One thousand eight hundred and one; whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses, and the Commissioners for Shires and Burghs of our faid First Parliament of the faid United Kingdom, and all others whom it may concern, are hereby to take Notice: And We do hereby direct and command, in pur-fuance of the faid Fourth Article of the faid Articles of Union, that the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, who are to ferve in the faid Parliament on the Part of Ireland, be returned in fuch Manner as by the faid A&, passed in the Par liament of Ireland to regulate the Mode by which the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons, to serve in the Parliament of the United Kingdom on the Part of Ireland, shall be summoned and returned to the faid Parliament, fuch Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, are directed to be returned, according to the Circumstances of each particular Case of the several Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, so appointed, chosen, and declared to be the Members of the respective Houses of the faid United Kingdom on the Part of Ireland: And We do hereby further (with the Advice afore-faid) declare Our Royal Will and Pleafure, that Our faid Parliament of Our faid United Kingdom thall on the faid Twenty-second Day of January One thousand eight hundred and one, be holden and fit for the Dispatch of divers weighty and important Affairs: And the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the faid Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses, and the faid Commissioners for Shires and Burghs, are hereby required and commanded to give their Attendance accordingly at Westminster on the faid Twenty-second Day of January instant.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and one, in the Forty-first Year of Our Reign.

GOD fave the KING.

By the KING.
A PROCLAMATION,
For a General FAST.

GEORGE R.
WE taking into Our most serious Consideration the heavy Judgments with which Almighty God is pleased to visit the Iniquities of this Land, by a grievous Scarcity and Dearth of divers Articles of Sustenance and Necessaries of Life; moreover taking into Our most serious Consideration the just and necessary War in which We are engaged, for the Maintenance of the Independence of Our Crown, for the Desence of the Commerce, and of the Rights and Liberties, Civil and Religious, of Our Subjects; and trusting in the Mercy of Almighty God, that notwithstanding the fore Punishment which He hath laid upon Us and upon Our People, He will, if We turn to Him in due Contrition and Penitence of Heart, not only withdraw His afflicting Hand, but moreover graciously bless Our Arms, both by Sea and Lande